

Poly[[aqua- μ_6 -benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylato- μ_3 -hydroxido-dizinc] hemihydrate]

Chao-Hong Ma, Qiang Liu, Xiu-Yan Wang, Xian-Wu Dong
and Yu-Jie Li*

Jilin Agricultural Science and Technology College, Jilin 132101, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: jilindxw@yahoo.com.cn

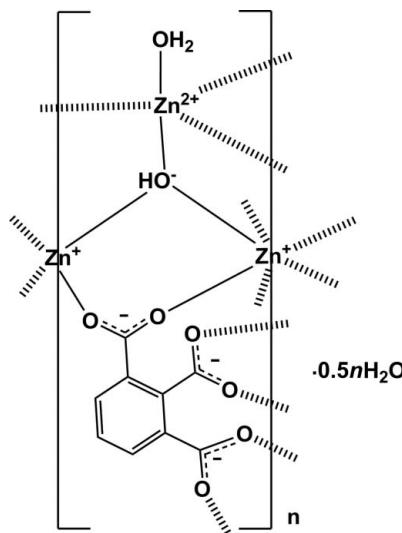
Received 7 December 2011; accepted 23 December 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.008\text{ \AA}$; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.090; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.3.

In the title compound, $\{[\text{Zn}_2(\text{C}_9\text{H}_3\text{O}_6)(\text{OH})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$, there are three independent Zn^{II} atoms present; two are located on special positions, *viz* a twofold rotation axis and an inversion centre, and the third is located in a general position. The Zn^{II} atom on the inversion centre is six-coordinated by four O atoms from four different benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anions and two OH^- anions. The Zn^{II} atom located on a twofold axis is four coordinated by two O atoms from two different benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anions and two OH^- anions. The third Zn^{II} atom, located in a general position, is five coordinated by three O atoms from three different benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anions, one OH^- anion and one water molecule. Each benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anion bridges six Zn^{II} atoms, and the OH^- anion bridges three Zn^{II} atoms, resulting in the formation of a three-dimensional framework. A series of $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds involving the benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anions, the OH^- anion and the coordinating and the two water solvent molecules further stabilize the crystal structure. The two solvent water molecules show occupancies of 0.5 and 0.25.

Related literature

For complexes of benzene tricarboxylic acids, see: Chui *et al.* (1999); Majumder *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Wu *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}_2(\text{C}_9\text{H}_3\text{O}_6)(\text{OH})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$Z = 16$
$M_r = 381.89$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Tetragonal, $I\bar{4}_1/a$	$\mu = 4.31\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$a = 12.8412(2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 27.2647(7)\text{ \AA}$	$0.28 \times 0.23 \times 0.21\text{ mm}$
$V = 4495.85(15)\text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R Ultra diffractometer	9288 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	2048 independent reflections
$T_{min} = 0.312$, $T_{max} = 0.399$	1402 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{int} = 0.051$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.80\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 0.94$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2048 reflections	
198 parameters	
8 restraints	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1WA}\cdots\text{O2W}$	0.86 (2)	2.37 (4)	3.121 (7)	146 (6)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1WB}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.86 (2)	2.28 (5)	2.981 (6)	139 (6)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1WB}\cdots\text{O3}^{ii}$	0.86 (2)	2.40 (4)	3.084 (6)	137 (5)
$\text{O7}-\text{H7O}\cdots\text{O3}^{iii}$	0.79 (2)	2.38 (2)	3.174 (5)	179 (5)
$\text{O2W}-\text{H2WA}\cdots\text{O3W}^{iv}$	0.64	2.30	2.776 (18)	134
$\text{O3W}-\text{H3WA}\cdots\text{O2W}^v$	0.86	1.94	2.776 (18)	164
$\text{O3W}-\text{H3WB}\cdots\text{O4}^{vi}$	0.90	2.24	2.811 (15)	121
Symmetry codes: (i) $-\text{y} + \frac{3}{4}, \text{x} - \frac{3}{4}, \text{z} + \frac{1}{4}$; (ii) $-\text{x} + 1, -\text{y}, -\text{z} + 1$; (iii) $\text{y} + \frac{1}{4}, -\text{x} + \frac{1}{4}, \text{z} + \frac{1}{4}$; (iv) $-\text{y} + \frac{3}{4}, \text{x} - \frac{3}{4}, -\text{z} + \frac{3}{4}$; (v) $\text{y} + \frac{1}{4}, -\text{x} + \frac{3}{4}, -\text{z} + \frac{3}{4}$; (vi) $-\text{x} + \frac{1}{2}, -\text{y} - \frac{1}{2}, -\text{z} + \frac{1}{2}$.				

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97*

(Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

We thank Jilin Agricultural Science and Technology College for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2346).

References

- Brandenburg, K. (1998). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
Chui, S. S. Y., Siu, A. & Williams, I. D. (1999). *Acta Cryst. C* **55**, 194–196.
Majumder, A., Shit, S., Choudhury, C. R., Batten, S. R., Pilet, G., Daro, N.,
Sutter, J.-P., Chattopadhyay, N. & Mitra, S. (2005). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **358**,
3855–3864.
Oxford Diffraction (2007). *CrysAlis PRO* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford
Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, England.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.
Wu, H., Zhang, L. P., Liu, H. Y., Yang, J. & Ma, J. F. (2009). *Sci. China Ser. B
Chem.* **52**, 1490.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m103-m104 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811055358]

Poly[[aqua- μ_6 -benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylato- μ_3 -hydroxido-dizinc] hemihydrate]

C.-H. Ma, Q. Liu, X.-Y. Wang, X.-W. Dong and Y.-J. Li

Comment

The title compound consists of three crystallographically unique Zn^{II} cations, two of which are located on special positions, one benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anion, an OH⁻ anion (O7), a coordinated water molecule (O1W), and two disordered solvent water molecules (Fig. 1).

Atom Zn1 is located on an inversion center and is six coordinated by four oxygen atoms from four symmetry related 1,2,3-tricarboxybenzene anions and two symmetry related OH⁻ anions. The Zn1—O(carboxylate) distances are 2.022 (4) and 2.199 (3) Å. The Zn1—O7(OH⁻) distance is 2.089 (3) Å. Atom Zn2, also located on a 2-fold axis, is four coordinated by two oxygen atoms from two symmetry related 1,2,3-tricarboxybenzene anions and two symmetry related OH⁻ anions. The Zn2—O (carboxylate) and Zn2—O7 distances are 1.943 (4) Å and 1.948 (3) Å, respectively. Atom Zn3, located in a general position, is five coordinated by three oxygen atoms from three different 1,2,3-tricarboxybenzene anions, one OH⁻ anion and one water molecule (O1W). The Zn3—O(carboxylate) distances are 1.935 (4), 1.984 (3) and 2.008 (4) Å. The Zn3—O7 distance is 2.069 (4) Å, and the Zn3—O1W distance is 2.136 (5) Å. The Zn—O (carboxylate) distances are similar to those observed in related structures (Wu *et al.*, 2009).

Each benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylate anion bridges six Zn^{II} centers, and the OH⁻ anion bridges three Zn^{II} centers, leading to the formation of an infinite three-dimensional framework (Fig. 2). A series of O—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) involving the tricarboxybenzene anions, the OH⁻ anion and the coordinating and two solvent water molecules (both of which are only partially occupied), further stabilize the crystal structure (Table 1).

Experimental

A mixture of benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid (0.063 g, 0.3 mmol), NaOH (0.036 g, 0.9 mmol), and Zn(Ac)₂ (0.066 g, 0.3 mmol), in 10 ml H₂O was sealed in 18 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel container. The container was heated to 433 K and held at that temperature for 72 h. It was then cooled to room temperature at a rate of 10 K per hour and block-like colourless crystals of the title compound were isolated.

Refinement

C-bound H-atoms were included in calculated positions and were refined as riding atoms: C—H = 0.93 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ (C). The OH⁻ and water H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps and were refined with distance restraints of 0.86 (2) Å, or treated as riding atoms, all with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. Water molecule O2W located on a 2-fold axis is 0.5 occupied, while water O3W is located in a general position is 0.25 occupied.

supplementary materials

Figures

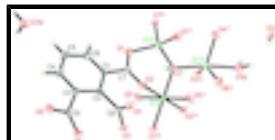


Fig. 1. A view of the asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing the coordination environments of the three Zn^{II} centers and the 30% probability displacement ellipsoids [symmetry codes: (i) $y + 1/4, -x + 1/4, z + 1/4$; (ii) $-y + 3/4, x - 1/4, -z + 3/4$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y - 1/2, z$; (v) $-y + 3/4, x - 3/4, z + 1/4$].

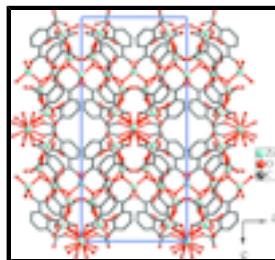


Fig. 2. A view along the b axis of the three-dimensional structure of the title compound [the solvent water molecules and the H atoms have been omitted for clarity].

Poly[[aqua- μ_6 -benzene-1,2,3-tricarboxylato- μ_3 -hydroxido-dizinc] hemihydrate]

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}_2(\text{C}_9\text{H}_3\text{O}_6)(\text{OH})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 0.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$D_{\text{x}} = 2.257 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 381.89$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Tetragonal, $I4_1/a$	Cell parameters from 2048 reflections
Hall symbol: -I 4ad	$\theta = 2.8\text{--}25.3^\circ$
$a = 12.8412 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 4.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 27.2647 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 4495.85 (15) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
$Z = 16$	$0.28 \times 0.23 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = 3024$	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R Ultra diffractometer	2048 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1402 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm^{-1}	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.051$
ω scan	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$h = -15 \rightarrow 15$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.312, T_{\text{max}} = 0.399$	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
9288 measured reflections	$l = -22 \rightarrow 32$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 0.94$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0506P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2048 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
198 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.80 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
8 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Zn1	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0208 (2)	
Zn2	0.5000	-0.2500	0.49263 (3)	0.0250 (3)	
Zn3	0.68168 (5)	-0.13663 (5)	0.57097 (2)	0.0274 (2)	
O1	0.3829 (3)	-0.2239 (3)	0.44919 (13)	0.0350 (10)	
O1W	0.8258 (4)	-0.1142 (4)	0.61415 (16)	0.0569 (13)	
O2	0.4505 (3)	-0.0690 (3)	0.42997 (12)	0.0275 (9)	
O3	0.3919 (3)	0.1070 (3)	0.36657 (11)	0.0224 (8)	
O4	0.4706 (3)	0.0068 (3)	0.31306 (13)	0.0326 (10)	
O5	0.2600 (3)	0.1066 (3)	0.28024 (12)	0.0312 (9)	
O6	0.1945 (3)	-0.0076 (3)	0.22700 (13)	0.0411 (11)	
O7	0.5375 (3)	-0.1373 (3)	0.53706 (12)	0.0209 (8)	
C1	0.3132 (4)	-0.1383 (4)	0.38044 (18)	0.0250 (13)	
C2	0.3150 (4)	-0.0597 (4)	0.34414 (17)	0.0201 (12)	
C3	0.2429 (4)	-0.0677 (4)	0.30533 (19)	0.0273 (13)	
C4	0.1747 (5)	-0.1498 (5)	0.3023 (2)	0.0485 (18)	
H4	0.1296	-0.1543	0.2757	0.058*	
C5	0.1720 (6)	-0.2254 (5)	0.3380 (3)	0.061 (2)	
H5	0.1251	-0.2803	0.3357	0.074*	
C6	0.2400 (5)	-0.2187 (5)	0.3774 (2)	0.0439 (17)	
H6	0.2370	-0.2685	0.4022	0.053*	
C7	0.3880 (4)	-0.1430 (4)	0.42282 (17)	0.0239 (12)	
C8	0.3973 (4)	0.0242 (4)	0.34212 (17)	0.0197 (12)	
C9	0.2329 (4)	0.0172 (4)	0.26799 (19)	0.0246 (12)	

supplementary materials

O2W	1.0000	-0.2500	0.5664 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.50
H2WA	0.9977	-0.2203	0.5475	0.057*	0.50
O3W	0.0743 (12)	-0.3649 (12)	0.2625 (5)	0.038 (4)	0.25
H3WA	0.0608	-0.3205	0.2396	0.057*	0.25
H3WB	0.0318	-0.4194	0.2582	0.057*	0.25
H1WA	0.885 (3)	-0.124 (5)	0.6006 (18)	0.057*	
H1WB	0.825 (4)	-0.141 (5)	0.6431 (11)	0.057*	
H7O	0.493 (3)	-0.139 (4)	0.5572 (14)	0.019 (16)*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0265 (5)	0.0185 (5)	0.0174 (4)	-0.0003 (4)	0.0020 (4)	0.0024 (3)
Zn2	0.0434 (6)	0.0173 (5)	0.0143 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.000	0.000
Zn3	0.0421 (5)	0.0242 (4)	0.0159 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	0.0057 (3)	0.0027 (3)
O1	0.047 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.028 (2)	-0.007 (2)	-0.0119 (19)	0.0136 (18)
O1W	0.054 (3)	0.073 (4)	0.043 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.003 (2)	0.007 (3)
O2	0.040 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0146 (18)	-0.0088 (19)	-0.0061 (16)	0.0001 (15)
O3	0.031 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0149 (18)	-0.0029 (17)	-0.0013 (15)	0.0002 (15)
O4	0.036 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.024 (2)	-0.0105 (19)	0.0064 (18)	-0.0061 (17)
O5	0.047 (3)	0.024 (2)	0.0218 (19)	-0.0069 (19)	-0.0138 (18)	0.0090 (16)
O6	0.062 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.025 (2)	-0.0059 (18)
O7	0.034 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0101 (18)	-0.0017 (17)	0.0051 (17)	0.0005 (15)
C1	0.029 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.000 (2)
C2	0.028 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.002 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C3	0.033 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.002 (2)
C4	0.059 (5)	0.035 (4)	0.052 (4)	-0.009 (3)	-0.035 (4)	0.008 (3)
C5	0.065 (5)	0.041 (4)	0.078 (5)	-0.029 (4)	-0.037 (4)	0.020 (4)
C6	0.051 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.049 (4)	-0.009 (3)	-0.024 (3)	0.016 (3)
C7	0.025 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.000 (2)
C8	0.027 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.011 (2)	-0.001 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.004 (2)
C9	0.023 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.008 (2)	-0.001 (2)
O2W	0.039 (7)	0.030 (7)	0.044 (7)	-0.018 (5)	0.000	0.000
O3W	0.044 (11)	0.037 (10)	0.033 (9)	0.004 (8)	0.010 (8)	-0.014 (7)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Zn1—O5 ⁱ	2.022 (4)	O4—Zn3 ^{vi}	2.008 (4)
Zn1—O5 ⁱⁱ	2.022 (4)	O5—C9	1.245 (6)
Zn1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.089 (3)	O5—Zn1 ^{vii}	2.022 (3)
Zn1—O7	2.089 (3)	O6—C9	1.263 (6)
Zn1—O2	2.199 (3)	O6—Zn3 ^{viii}	1.935 (4)
Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.199 (3)	O7—H7O	0.79 (2)
Zn2—O1 ^{iv}	1.943 (4)	C1—C6	1.399 (8)
Zn2—O1	1.943 (4)	C1—C2	1.413 (7)
Zn2—O7	1.948 (3)	C1—C7	1.504 (7)
Zn2—O7 ^{iv}	1.948 (3)	C2—C3	1.410 (7)

Zn3—O6 ⁱ	1.935 (4)	C2—C8	1.511 (7)
Zn3—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.984 (3)	C3—C4	1.373 (8)
Zn3—O4 ^v	2.008 (4)	C3—C9	1.497 (7)
Zn3—O7	2.069 (4)	C4—C5	1.374 (9)
Zn3—O1W	2.213 (5)	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—C7	1.265 (6)	C5—C6	1.388 (9)
O1W—H1WA	0.86 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
O1W—H1WB	0.86 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—C7	1.259 (6)	O2W—H2WA	0.6405
O3—C8	1.257 (6)	O3W—H3WA	0.8614
O3—Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.984 (3)	O3W—H3WB	0.8960
O4—C8	1.250 (6)		
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O5 ⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)	C8—O4—Zn3 ^{vi}	123.3 (3)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.68 (15)	C9—O5—Zn1 ^{vii}	135.5 (3)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	92.32 (14)	C9—O6—Zn3 ^{viii}	133.0 (4)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O7	92.32 (14)	Zn2—O7—Zn3	120.15 (18)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7	87.68 (15)	Zn2—O7—Zn1	105.62 (15)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7	180.00 (15)	Zn3—O7—Zn1	114.77 (16)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O2	86.24 (15)	Zn2—O7—H7O	104 (4)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2	93.76 (15)	Zn3—O7—H7O	110 (4)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2	81.58 (13)	Zn1—O7—H7O	101 (4)
O7—Zn1—O2	98.42 (13)	C6—C1—C2	119.8 (5)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	93.76 (15)	C6—C1—C7	116.4 (5)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	86.24 (15)	C2—C1—C7	123.8 (5)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.42 (13)	C3—C2—C1	117.6 (5)
O7—Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	81.58 (13)	C3—C2—C8	118.9 (4)
O2—Zn1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)	C1—C2—C8	123.1 (4)
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O1	104.9 (2)	C4—C3—C2	121.3 (5)
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7	108.41 (15)	C4—C3—C9	117.7 (5)
O1—Zn2—O7	116.25 (16)	C2—C3—C9	120.9 (5)
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7 ^{iv}	116.25 (16)	C3—C4—C5	121.1 (6)
O1—Zn2—O7 ^{iv}	108.41 (15)	C3—C4—H4	119.5
O7—Zn2—O7 ^{iv}	103.1 (2)	C5—C4—H4	119.5
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	135.77 (17)	C4—C5—C6	119.3 (6)
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O4 ^v	102.75 (17)	C4—C5—H5	120.4
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—O4 ^v	117.03 (14)	C6—C5—H5	120.4
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O7	98.68 (14)	C5—C6—C1	120.9 (6)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—O7	87.62 (14)	C5—C6—H6	119.5
O4 ^v —Zn3—O7	107.46 (15)	C1—C6—H6	119.5
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O1W	82.42 (17)	O2—C7—O1	124.3 (5)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—O1W	85.21 (16)	O2—C7—C1	119.8 (5)
O4 ^v —Zn3—O1W	81.20 (18)	O1—C7—C1	115.9 (5)

supplementary materials

O7—Zn3—O1W	170.65 (17)	O4—C8—O3	122.0 (5)
C7—O1—Zn2	116.6 (3)	O4—C8—C2	115.0 (4)
Zn3—O1W—H1WA	120 (4)	O3—C8—C2	123.0 (5)
Zn3—O1W—H1WB	116 (4)	O5—C9—O6	125.4 (5)
H1WA—O1W—H1WB	110 (3)	O5—C9—C3	117.7 (4)
C7—O2—Zn1	128.5 (3)	O6—C9—C3	116.8 (5)
C8—O3—Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ	130.1 (3)	H3WA—O3W—H3WB	107.3
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O1—C7	−65.4 (4)	C7—C1—C2—C8	4.3 (8)
O7—Zn2—O1—C7	54.3 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	−1.2 (9)
O7 ^{iv} —Zn2—O1—C7	169.8 (4)	C8—C2—C3—C4	172.1 (6)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O2—C7	141.0 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C9	174.2 (5)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2—C7	−39.0 (4)	C8—C2—C3—C9	−12.5 (8)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2—C7	−130.8 (5)	C2—C3—C4—C5	2.2 (11)
O7—Zn1—O2—C7	49.2 (5)	C9—C3—C4—C5	−173.4 (7)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O2—C7	−117 (100)	C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.5 (12)
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7—Zn3	−45.2 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	−2.0 (12)
O1—Zn2—O7—Zn3	−163.02 (17)	C2—C1—C6—C5	2.9 (10)
O7 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7—Zn3	78.55 (17)	C7—C1—C6—C5	−175.8 (6)
O1 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7—Zn1	86.51 (19)	Zn1—O2—C7—O1	−39.5 (7)
O1—Zn2—O7—Zn1	−31.3 (2)	Zn1—O2—C7—C1	140.8 (4)
O7 ^{iv} —Zn2—O7—Zn1	−149.7 (2)	Zn2—O1—C7—O2	−15.6 (7)
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O7—Zn2	91.9 (2)	Zn2—O1—C7—C1	164.2 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—O7—Zn2	−132.1 (2)	C6—C1—C7—O2	−174.5 (5)
O4 ^v —Zn3—O7—Zn2	−14.5 (2)	C2—C1—C7—O2	6.8 (8)
O1W—Zn3—O7—Zn2	−172.0 (9)	C6—C1—C7—O1	5.7 (8)
O6 ⁱ —Zn3—O7—Zn1	−35.8 (2)	C2—C1—C7—O1	−172.9 (5)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn3—O7—Zn1	100.22 (18)	Zn3 ^{vi} —O4—C8—O3	27.5 (7)
O4 ^v —Zn3—O7—Zn1	−142.15 (16)	Zn3 ^{vi} —O4—C8—C2	−154.5 (3)
O1W—Zn3—O7—Zn1	60.3 (10)	Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —O3—C8—O4	−156.6 (4)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn2	−90.46 (18)	Zn3 ⁱⁱⁱ —O3—C8—C2	25.5 (7)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn2	89.54 (18)	C3—C2—C8—O4	−75.5 (6)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn2	118.7 (5)	C1—C2—C8—O4	97.4 (6)
O2—Zn1—O7—Zn2	−3.92 (19)	C3—C2—C8—O3	102.5 (6)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn2	176.08 (19)	C1—C2—C8—O3	−84.5 (7)
O5 ⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn3	44.24 (18)	Zn1 ^{vii} —O5—C9—O6	5.9 (9)
O5 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn3	−135.76 (18)	Zn1 ^{vii} —O5—C9—C3	−171.8 (4)
O7 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn3	−106.6 (3)	Zn3 ^{viii} —O6—C9—O5	−27.8 (9)
O2—Zn1—O7—Zn3	130.78 (17)	Zn3 ^{viii} —O6—C9—C3	149.8 (4)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Zn1—O7—Zn3	−49.22 (17)	C4—C3—C9—O5	151.0 (6)
C6—C1—C2—C3	−1.3 (8)	C2—C3—C9—O5	−24.6 (8)
C7—C1—C2—C3	177.3 (5)	C4—C3—C9—O6	−26.8 (8)
C6—C1—C2—C8	−174.3 (5)	C2—C3—C9—O6	157.6 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-y+3/4, x-1/4, -z+3/4$; (ii) $y+1/4, -x+1/4, z+1/4$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, -y-1/2, z$; (v) $-y+3/4, x-3/4, z+1/4$; (vi) $y+3/4, -x+3/4, z-1/4$; (vii) $-y+1/4, x-1/4, z-1/4$; (viii) $y+1/4, -x+3/4, -z+3/4$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1W—H1WA···O2W	0.86 (2)	2.37 (4)	3.121 (7)	146 (6)
O1W—H1WB···O2 ^v	0.86 (2)	2.28 (5)	2.981 (6)	139 (6)
O1W—H1WB···O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.40 (4)	3.084 (6)	137 (5)
O7—H7O···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.79 (2)	2.38 (2)	3.174 (5)	179 (5)
O2W—H2WA···O3W ⁱ	0.64	2.30	2.776 (18)	134
O3W—H3WA···O2W ^{viii}	0.86	1.94	2.776 (18)	164
O3W—H3WB···O4 ^{ix}	0.90	2.24	2.811 (15)	121

Symmetry codes: (v) $-y+3/4, x-3/4, z+1/4$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $y+1/4, -x+1/4, z+1/4$; (i) $-y+3/4, x-1/4, -z+3/4$; (viii) $y+1/4, -x+3/4, -z+3/4$; (ix) $-x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

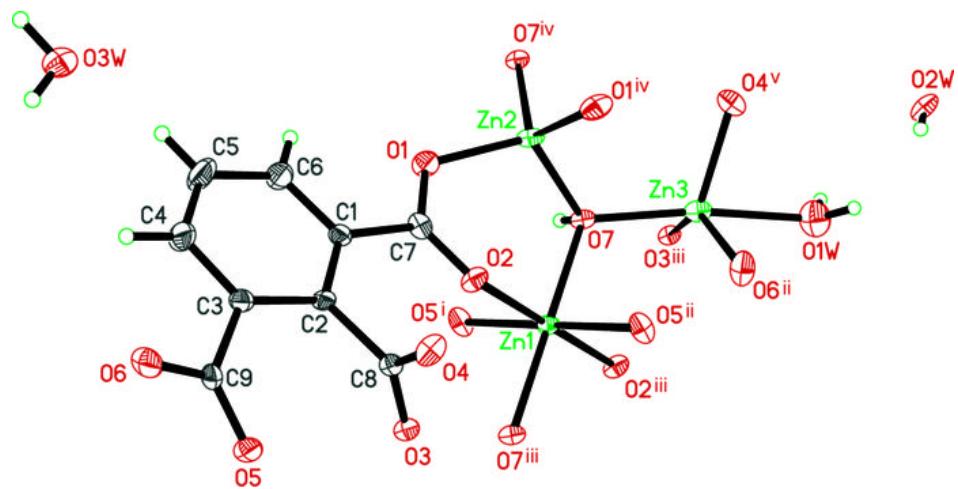


Fig. 2

